

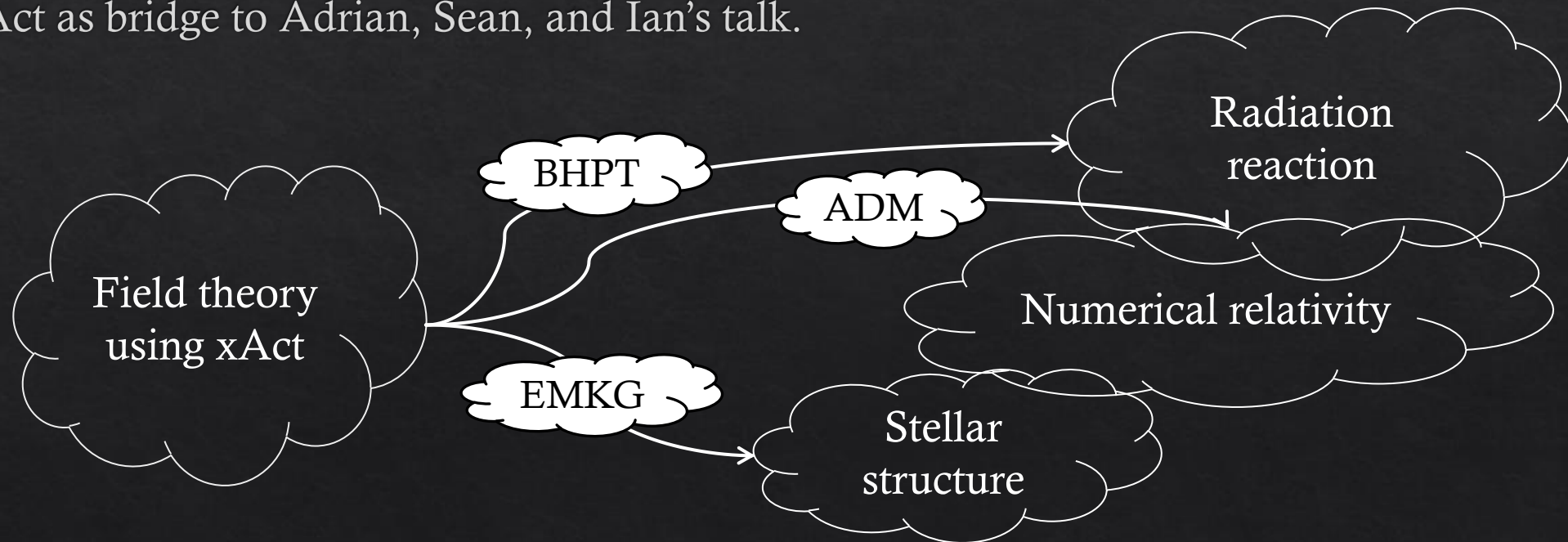
Field theory using xAct

Reggie Bernardo

Gravity Workshop 2020

Objective

- ◆ Introduce field theory using xAct;
- ◆ Discuss Einstein-Maxwell-Klein-Gordon theory, black hole perturbation theory, and Arnowitt-Deser-Misner formalism;
- ◆ Act as bridge to Adrian, Sean, and Ian's talk.



Field theory

- *Field theory*: **Action** -> Field equations -> Solutions (BH, Stars, etc.)

Action

$$S[\Phi] = \int d^4x \left(\frac{1}{8\pi G} \nabla \Phi(t, \vec{x}) \cdot \nabla \Phi(t, \vec{x}) + \rho(t, \vec{x}) \Phi(t, \vec{x}) \right)$$

$$S[g_{ab}] = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left(\frac{c^4}{16\pi G} R \right) + S_M[\Psi, g_{ab}]$$

Field equations

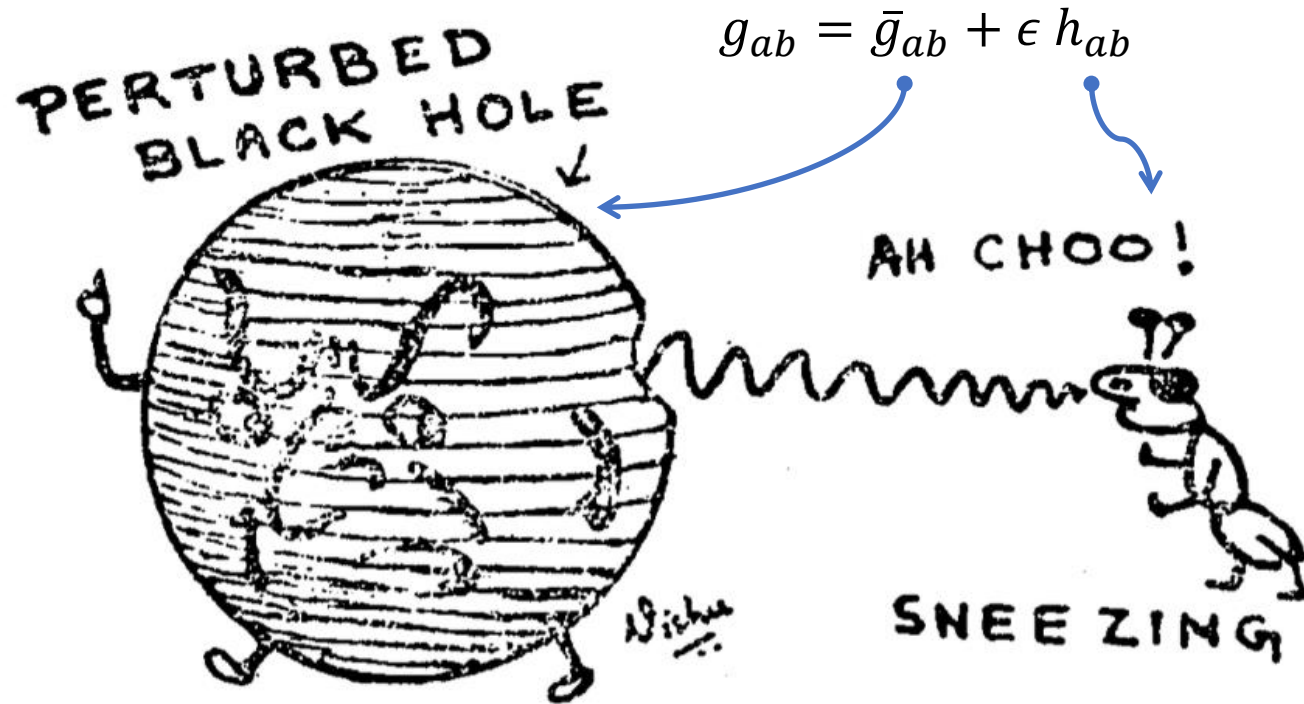
$$\nabla^2 \Phi(t, \vec{x}) = 4\pi G \rho(t, \vec{x})$$

$$G_{ab} = \frac{8\pi G}{c^4} T_{ab}$$

Variational calculus/xAct

1. Ch. 4 of [Carroll, S. M. (2019). *Spacetime and geometry*. Cambridge University Press.]
2. Final Ch. of [Goldstein, H., Poole, C., & Safko, J. (2002). *Classical mechanics*.]

Black hole perturbation theory



Black hole? *Kerr-Newman*

(Nonrotating) Black hole + Ant?

- *Regge-Wheeler* equation
- *Zerilli* equation

$$-\partial_x^2 \psi + V(x)\psi = \omega^2 \psi$$

ψ = master function $\sim |h_{ab}|$

Black hole and sneezing ant,
<<https://thewire.in/science/vishveshwara-quasi-normal-blackhole>>

3. Regge, T., & Wheeler, J. A. (1957). *PR*, 108(4), 1063.

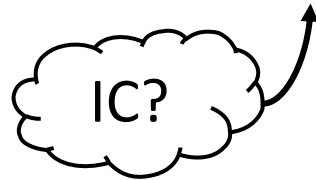
4. Zerilli, F. J. (1970). *PRL*, 24(13), 737.

ADM formalism

g_{ab} = spacetime \rightarrow *all space and time; not how we do physics!*

Analogy:

$g_{ab} = \{ \dots, 2000, 2001, \dots, 2019, 2020, \dots \}$
HWDP = $\dots \mathbf{2000} \rightarrow 2001 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2019 \rightarrow 2020 \dots$



Initial value formulation of GR \rightarrow *ADM formalism* \rightarrow Numerical relativity

Poisson, E. (2004). *A relativist's toolkit: the mathematics of black-hole mechanics*. Cambridge university press.



Questions?